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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/374 374	08/13/1999	DANIEL M. COFFMAN	V0999-276-(8	3661

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12/18/2002

FRANK CHAU ESQ F CHAU & ASSOCIATES LLP SUITE 501 1900 HEMPSTEAD TURNPIKE EAST MEADOW, NY 11554

EXAMINER

ARMSTRONG, ANGELA A

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2654

DATE MAILED: 12/18/2002

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	pplicant(s)				
Office Action Summany	09/374,374	COFFMAN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
*	Angela A. Armstrong	2654				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 S	<u>Ceptember 2002</u> .					
2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Thi	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-25</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-25</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accep						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				

Art, Unit: 2654

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Prosecution Application

The request filed on September 25, 2002 for a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA)
under 37 CFR 1.53(d) based on parent Application No. 09/374374 is acceptable and a CPA
has been established. An action on the CPA follows.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Johnson (US Patent No. 5,748,974) in view of Haddock (US Patent No. 5,265,014).

Johnson discloses a multi-modal natural language interface for cross-application tasks which interprets user requests combining natural language input from the user with information selected from a current application and sends the request in the proper form to an appropriate auxiliary application for processing.

Regarding claim 1, at col. 3, line 63 continuing to col. 4, line 20, Johnson teaches the system sends the output of a speech recognizer and non-speech input received by a screen manager to a dispatcher. Based on the output of the natural language processor, the dispatcher invokes the application manager to determine which application should process the request,

Art, Unit: 2654

which reads on "presenting a command associated with an application to a dialog manager, the application associated with the command being unknown to the dialog manager."

Johnson fails to specifically disclose "the dialog manager determining current context of the command by reviewing a multi-modal history of events." However, determining current context of user input responses by reviewing a history of events was well known in the art.

In a similar field of endeavor, Haddock discloses a multi-modal user interface for removing a referential ambiguity from a natural language input to a computer system. Specifically, Haddock teaches a user providing both a textual and a referential input and implements a history space or list of successive queries (col. 4, lines 61-66). The system functions to remove any ambiguity from a user query by referring to the history of the dialogue between the user and the system (col. 5, line 33 continuing to col. 6, line 64) to generate an output query that can be translated into a formal database query such as an SQL query which is then directed to the database to obtain a response. Haddock teaches the system is advantageous in providing a user-friendly way to resolve ambiguity in a natural language system (col. 2, lines 46-50).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to modify the system of Johnson to implement determining current context of user input responses by reviewing a history of events as suggested by Haddock, for the purpose of providing a user-friendly way to resolve ambiguity in a natural language system, as also suggested by Haddock.

Additionally, at col. 4, lines 29-52, Johnson teaches the application manager determines which application is applicable to the user input, sends a request to a code generator for the

Art Unit: 2654

application, and generates the application program code interface code required to access the information, which reads on "determining at least one method responsive to the command based on the current context."

Additionally, at col. 4, lines 48-52, Johnson discloses a response generator that generates a response appropriate to the nature of the request submitted by the user and the current application, which reads on "executing the at least one method responsive to the command associated with the application."

Regarding claim 2, Johnson and Haddock teach everything as claimed in claim 1.

Additionally, at col. 3, lines 33-42, Johnson teaches the multi-modal interface is linked to the applications and allows for combining input from various modalities, which reads on "employing at least one multi-modal device for presenting the command."

Regarding claim 3, Johnson and Haddock teaches everything as claimed in claim 2.

Additionally, at col. 3, lines 37-42, Johnson discloses the input means can be via speech, typed or handwritten and includes point-and-click, touch and keyboard inputs, which reads on "multimodal device is a computer."

Regarding claim 4, Johnson and Haddock teaches everything as claimed in claim 1.

Johnson does not specifically teach providing a linked list of all events in the multi-modal history. However, providing a linked history of dialog between a user and a system was well known in the art.

Haddock discloses the history of the dialog between the user and the computer system as a history space or list of successive queries (col. 4, lines 61-66), which reads on "linked list of all events."

Art Unit: 2654

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to modify the system of Johnson to implement a linked list of events in the multi-modal history, as suggested by Haddock, for the purpose of removing the ambiguity of a users input query, as also suggested by Haddock.

Regarding claim 5, Johnson and Haddock teach everything as claimed in claim 4.

Johnson does not specifically teach events in a multi-modal history include events linked by time, type, transaction, class or dialog focus. However, providing linked history events of a dialog between a user and a natural language system was well known.

Haddock discloses the history of the dialog between the user and the computer system as a history space or list of successive queries (col. 4, lines 61-66), which reads on "events linked by time."

Regarding claim 6, Johnson and Haddock teach everything as claimed in claim 1.

Additionally, at col. 5, line 55 continuing to col. 6, line 19, Johnson teaches referencing a concept/application table in which for a given input the application manager finds all concepts in the representation and determines each application registered with every concept in the representation to create an application set. The semantic representation is sent to the applications code generator to allow the application to act on the code and retrieve the requested data, which reads on "referencing all active applications using a component control to determine the at least one method which is appropriate."

Regarding claim 7, Johnson and Haddock teach everything as claimed in claim 1.

Additionally, at col. 6, lines 20-40, Johnson teaches the semantic representation of the users input is sent to the applications code generator to allow the application to act on the code and

Art Unit: 2654

retrieve the requested data, which reads on "the command is presented in a formal language such that a plurality of human utterances represent an action to be taken."

Regarding claim 8, Johnson and Haddock teaches everything as claimed in claim 1.

Additionally, at col. 3, lies 60-62, Johnson teaches maintaining item in focus information, which reads on "maintaining a current dialog focus." At col. 5, line 61 continuing to col. 6, line 9,

Johnson teaches concept/application table which reads on "a list of expected responses to provide a reference for determining the current context."

Regarding claim 9, Johnson and Haddock teach everything as claimed in claim 1.

Additionally, at col. 4, lines 9-17 and col. 5, lines 9-11, Johnson teaches the natural language processor interacts with the user to clarify missing information or ambiguities, which reads on "querying a user for one of information needed to resolve the current context and information needed to take an appropriate action.

Regarding claim 10, at col. 2, line 62 continuing to col. 3, line 16, Johnson teaches the hardware environment used in the multi-modal system, which includes running an operating system supporting multi-tasking and includes a central processing unit and Ram for storing application program code and data, which reads on "program storage device readable by machine, tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine."

Additionally, at col. 3, line 63 continuing to col. 4, line 20, Johnson teaches the system sends the output of a speech recognizer and non-speech input received by a screen manager to a dispatcher. Based on the output of the natural language processor, the dispatcher invokes the application manager to determine which application should process the request, which reads on

Art Unit: 2654

"presenting a command associated with an application to a dialog manager, the application associated with the command being unknown to the dialog manager."

Johnson fails to specifically disclose "the dialog manager determining current context of the command by reviewing a multi-modal history of events." However, determining current context of user input responses by reviewing a history of events was well known in the art.

In a similar field of endeavor, Haddock discloses a multi-modal user interface for removing a referential ambiguity from a natural language input to a computer system. Specifically, Haddock teaches a user providing both a textual and a referential input and implements a history space or list of successive queries (col. 4, lines 61-66). The system functions to remove any ambiguity from a user query by referring to the history of the dialogue between the user and the system (col. 5, line 33 continuing to col. 6, line 64) to generate an output query that can be translated into a formal database query such as an SQL query which is then directed to the database to obtain a response. Haddock teaches the system is advantageous in providing a user-friendly way to resolve ambiguity in a natural language system (col. 2, lines 46-50).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to modify the system of Johnson to implement determining current context of user input responses by reviewing a history of events as suggested by Haddock, for the purpose of providing a user-friendly way to resolve ambiguity in a natural language system, as also suggested by Haddock.

Additionally, at col. 4, lines 29-52, Johnson teaches the application manager determines which application is applicable to the user input, sends a request to a code generator for the

application, and generates the application program code interface code required to access the information, which reads on "determining at least one method responsive to the command based on the current context."

Additionally, at col. 4, lines 48-52, Johnson discloses a response generator that generates a response appropriate to the nature of the request submitted by the user and the current application, which reads on "executing the at least one method responsive to the command associated with the application."

Regarding claim 11, Johnson and Haddock teach everything as claimed in claim 10.

Additionally, at col. 3, lines 33-42, Johnson teaches the multi-modal interface is linked to the applications and allows for combining input from various modalities, which reads on "employing at least one multi-modal device for presenting the command."

Regarding claim 12, Johnson and Haddock teaches everything as claimed in claim 11.

Additionally, at col. 3, lines 37-42, Johnson discloses the input means can be via speech, typed or handwritten and includes point-and-click, touch and keyboard inputs, which reads on "multi-modal device is a computer."

Regarding claim 13, Johnson and Haddock teaches everything as claimed in claim 10.

Johnson does not specifically teach providing a linked list of all events in the multi-modal history. However, providing a linked history of dialog between a user and a system was well known in the art.

Haddock discloses the history of the dialog between the user and the computer system as a history space or list of successive queries (col. 4, lines 61-66), which reads on "linked list of all events."

Art Unit: 2654

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to modify the system of Johnson to implement a linked list of events in the multi-modal history, as suggested by Haddock, for the purpose of removing the ambiguity of a users input query, as also suggested by Haddock.

Regarding claim 14, Johnson and Haddock teach everything as claimed in claim 13. Johnson does not specifically teach events in a multi-modal history include events linked by time, type, transaction, class or dialog focus. However, providing linked history events of a dialog between a user and a natural language system was well known.

Haddock discloses the history of the dialog between the user and the computer system as a history space or list of successive queries (col. 4, lines 61-66), which reads on "events linked by time."

Regarding claim 15, Johnson and Haddock teach everything as claimed in claim 10.

Additionally, at col. 5, line 55 continuing to col. 6, line 19, Johnson teaches referencing a concept/application table in which for a given input the application manager finds all concepts in the representation and determines each application registered with every concept in the representation to create an application set. The semantic representation is sent to the applications code generator to allow the application to act on the code and retrieve the requested data, which reads on "referencing all active applications using a component control to determine the at least one method which is appropriate."

Regarding claim 16, Johnson and Haddock teach everything as claimed in claim 10.

Additionally, at col. 6, lines 20-40, Johnson teaches the semantic representation of the users input is sent to the applications code generator to allow the application to act on the code and

Art Unit: 2654

retrieve the requested data, which reads on "the command is presented in a formal language such that a plurality of human utterances represent an action to be taken."

Regarding claim 17, Johnson and Haddock teaches everything as claimed in claim 11. Additionally, at col. 3, lies 60-62, Johnson teaches maintaining item in focus information, which reads on "maintaining a current dialog focus." At col. 5, line 61 continuing to col. 6, line 9, Johnson teaches concept/application table which reads on "a list of expected responses to provide a reference for determining the current context."

Regarding claim 18, Johnson and Haddock teach everything as claimed in claim 11. Additionally, at col. 4, lines 9-17 and col. 5, lines 9-11, Johnson teaches the natural language processor interacts with the user to clarify missing information or ambiguities, which reads on "querying a user for one of information needed to resolve the current context and information needed to take an appropriate action.

Regarding claim 19, Johnson discloses a multi-modal natural language interface for cross-application tasks which interprets user requests combining natural language input from the user with information selected from a current application and sends the request in the proper form to an appropriate auxiliary application for processing. Additionally, at col. 3, lies 60-62, Johnson teaches maintaining item in focus information, which reads on "maintaining a current dialog focus." At col. 5, line 61 continuing to col. 6, line 9, Johnson teaches concept/application table which reads on "a list of expected responses to provide a reference for determining the current context."

Art Unit: 2654

Johnson fails to specifically disclose "the dialog manager determining current context of the command by reviewing a multi-modal history of events." However, determining current context of user input responses by reviewing a history of events was well known in the art.

In a similar field of endeavor, Haddock discloses a multi-modal user interface for removing a referential ambiguity from a natural language input to a computer system. Specifically, Haddock teaches a user providing both a textual and a referential input and implements a history space or list of successive queries (col. 4, lines 61-66). The system functions to remove any ambiguity from a user query by referring to the history of the dialogue between the user and the system (col. 5, line 33 continuing to col. 6, line 64) to generate an output query that can be translated into a formal database query such as an SQL query which is then directed to the database to obtain a response. Haddock teaches the system is advantageous in providing a user-friendly way to resolve ambiguity in a natural language system (col. 2, lines 46-50).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to modify the system of Johnson to implement determining current context of user input responses by reviewing a history of events as suggested by Haddock, for the purpose of providing a user-friendly way to resolve ambiguity in a natural language system, as also suggested by Haddock.

Additionally, at col. 5, line 55 continuing to col. 6, line 19, Johnson teaches referencing a concept/application table in which for a given input the application manager finds all concepts in the representation and determines each application registered with every concept in the representation to create an application set. The semantic representation is sent to the applications

Art Unit: 2654

code generator to allow the application to act on the code and retrieve the requested data, which reads on "a control component adapted to select at least one method responsive to the commands received such that the system applies methods responsive to the commands for an appropriate application."

Regarding claim 20, Johnson and Haddock teach everything as claimed in claim 19.

Additionally, at col. 4, lines 42-44, Johnson teaches the appropriate application is an auxiliary application that is opened in the background.

Regarding claim 21, Johnson and Haddock teach everything as claimed in claim 19.

Additionally, at col. 3, lines 37-42, Johnson discloses the input means can be via speech, typed or handwritten and includes point-and-click, touch and keyboard inputs, which reads on "multi-modal device is a computer."

Regarding claim 22, Johnson and Haddock teach everything as claimed in claim 19.

Johnson does not specifically teach providing a linked list of all events in the multi-modal history. However, providing a linked history of dialog between a user and a system was well known in the art.

Haddock discloses the history of the dialog between the user and the computer system as a history space or list of successive queries (col. 4, lines 61-66), which reads on "linked list of all events."

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to modify the system of Johnson to implement a linked list of events in the multi-modal history, as suggested by Haddock, for the purpose of removing the ambiguity of a users input query, as also suggested by Haddock.

Art Unit: 2654

Regarding claim 23, Johnson and Haddock teach everything as claimed in claim 22.

Johnson does not specifically teach events in a multi-modal history include events linked by time, type, transaction, class or dialog focus. However, providing linked history events of a dialog between a user and a natural language system was well known.

Haddock discloses the history of the dialog between the user and the computer system as a history space or list of successive queries (col. 4, lines 61-66), which reads on "events linked by time."

Regarding claim 24, Johnson and Haddock teach everything as claimed in claim 19.

Additionally, at col. 5, line 55 continuing to col. 6, line 19, Johnson teaches referencing a concept/application table in which for a given input the application manager finds all concepts in the representation and determines each application registered with every concept in the representation to create an application set. The semantic representation is sent to the applications code generator to allow the application to act on the code and retrieve the requested data, which reads on "referencing all active applications using a component control to determine the at least one method which is appropriate."

Regarding claim 25, Johnson and Haddock teach everything as claimed in claim 24.

Additionally, at col. 6, lines 20-40, Johnson teaches the semantic representation of the users input is sent to the applications code generator to allow the application to act on the code and retrieve the requested data, which reads on "the command is presented in a formal language such that a plurality of human utterances represent an action to be taken."

Art Unit: 2654

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-25 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Morin et al (US Patent No. 5,892,813) discloses a multi-modal voice dialing digital key telephone with dialog manager, which maintains the dialog context and maintains a record of the current interaction between the user and the telephone, including how the user arrived at that point in the dialog.

Art Unit: 2654

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Angela A. Armstrong whose telephone number is 703-308-6258. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 7:30-5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Marsha Banks-Harold can be reached on (703) 305-4379. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9314 for regular communications and 703-872-9314 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-306-0377.

Angela A. Armstrong Examiner Art Unit 2654

AAA December 15, 2002

Marsha D. Banks-Harold Marsha D. Banks-Harold SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600